

## The Journal and Courier

NEW HAVEN, CONN.

THE OLDEST DAILY PAPER PUBLISHED IN CONNECTICUT.

THE CARRINGTON PUBLISHING CO. OFFICE 400 STATE STREET.

THE WEEKLY JOURNAL, Issued Thursdays, One Dollar a Year.

DELIVERED BY CARRIERS IN THE CITY 15 CENTS A WEEK, 50 CENTS A MONTH, \$3 FOR SIX MONTHS, \$6 A YEAR. THE SAME TERMS BY MAIL.

**ADVERTISING RATES.**  
Situations, Wants, Reads, and other small advertisements, one cent a word each insertion. Five cents a word for each subsequent insertion. 40 cents per week, \$3.20 per month, \$10 per year, \$40.  
Obituary Notices, in prose or verse, 15 cents per line. Notices of Births, Marriages, Deaths, and Funerals, 50 cents each. Local Notices, 15 per line.

At St. Louis the other day Miss Lulu Silence became Mrs. John W. Gnaab, and some say there will be no more Silence.

It is recorded that G. W. Watson, of Kingsley, Kansas, has been successful with a new means of killing prairie dogs. He forces steam from a traction engine into the holes of the dogs and they are suffocated almost instantly.

Do they have a "system" in Calcutta? It is stated by an Indian paper that many Calcutta policemen have attained to position of such affluence that they own private carriages and even a racehorse or two, while they are able to bet in sums that astonish the average citizen.

The New York health department is instituting a crusade against the popular "headache cures." Doctors have found that while some of these remedies are harmless and even beneficial, others are worthless and even dangerous. Many of them contain acetanilide, a drug that is low priced, but so potent in its action on the heart that a five grain dose might be dangerous—even fatal—to a person affected with heart trouble. It is said that the headache cure habit is especially prevalent among working girls and women.

A number of Indianapolis grocers who have for years conducted a meat business have discontinued the sale of beef and pork products and notified their customers that they will not resume the trade until there is a substantial reduction in prices. Several butcher shops not connected with grocers have also closed and have refused to buy from the packers, giving as a reason that they are losing money because of high prices. A movement has been started among the butchers to buy their own cattle on the hoof and do their own slaughtering.

Not long ago a convict in a French penal colony who was serving a life sentence there desired to marry one of the women convicts and made application to the authorities for the necessary permission. The governor of the colony offered no objection, but the priest proceeded to cross-examine the prisoner. "Did you not marry in France?" he asked. "Yes." "And your wife is dead?" "She is." "Have you any document to show that she is dead?" "No." "Then I must decline to marry you. You must produce some proof that your wife is dead." There was a pause, and the bride prospective looked at the would-be groom. Finally he said: "I can prove that my former wife is dead." "How will you do so?" "I was sent here for killing her." The bride accepted him notwithstanding.

One of the most peculiar ancestral portraits ever painted is in the possession of one of the heirs of the last Duc de Laval-Montmorency, of France, who died in 1851. The picture dates from the time of Louis XIV., and represents the ancestor of the Montmorencys looking from a window of his palace upon a broad sheet of water, upon which floats Noah's ark. By the open door stands a servant in the Montmorency livery, whose gesture serves to announce that M. Noah begs to present his respects to M. le Duc. This picture was painted by the order of a Montmorency, to whom the well-attested age of his illustrious family did not seem sufficient. The founder of the house, according to tradition, lived in the third century, was converted to Christianity by St. Dionysius, and died a martyr.

Representative Charles Thompson of the Tuskegee (Alabama) district will take twenty leading Republican congressmen on a week's visit to his plantation home in Macon county, Alabama, leaving Washington May 20. They will be shown the southern negro in his highest type, represented by the students of Booker Washington's school, and also in his lowest type, as represented by the cotton-field hands. In the party will be Senator Frye of Maine, Representatives Crumpacker of Indiana, Littlefield of Maine, Jenkins of Wisconsin, Ketchum of New York, Southard of Ohio, Conner of Iowa, Smith of Iowa, Leavison of Iowa, Barney of Wisconsin, Brown of Wisconsin, Roberts of Massachusetts, Gillett of Massachusetts, and others. Speaker Henderson has been invited, and will go if he can leave congress.

## AN SLANDER REFUTED.

Some of the wise men say that women have no sense of humor, but there are women in San Francisco who think differently. These women have organized a club whose purpose is to cheer and amuse. They are going to laugh as much as they consistently can. The story, the joke and the conundrum will not be considered undignified. The first meeting of the club has been held and it was described as "a hilarious success." To keep up the interest prizes are offered for the most amusing and laugh-creating originality, and penalties for those who originate gross stories or try to pass off cribbed jokes as original.

This club has applied for admission to the Federation of Women's Clubs to be held in Los Angeles next month, and it ought to be abundantly admitted. A little nonsense now and then is relished by the wisest men and it ought to be relished by the wisest women too.

## NOT A GOOD INVESTMENT.

Some of the economical people of Missouri don't think that Charles May, who moved into their State from Kansas about the first of the year 1896, has proved a good investment. He has been twice condemned to die for murder, and is now confined in the Buchanan county jail at St. Joseph awaiting a second trial for the murder of Robert Martin near DeKalb in December, 1900. The tragedy of Sugar Creek church, of February 9, 1896, which resulted in the death of William I. Burdette, of that vicinity, led to two trials. In the first Charles May was convicted of murder and sentenced to be hanged. The second trial resulted in his conviction for assault, with a term of two years in the penitentiary. The cost of these trials was \$2,275.55, including May's board while in jail. The trial which resulted in his conviction a year ago cost \$53,200. This does not include board, which, at forty cents a day since his incarceration, amounts to \$200. If to these sums is added \$600, the probable cost of the second trial for the murder of Robert Martin, which will be held at the June term of the criminal court, and an allowance made for the cost of appeals to the Supreme court, it is figured that this man has cost the State in the neighborhood of \$4,000 since establishing his residence in Missouri.

Of course May isn't worth \$4,000, but Missouri has got off cheaply compared with what similar citizens have cost some States. Murder trials must be cheap in Missouri if they can have them for about \$1,000 apiece. New York has murder trials which cost a quarter of a million.

## NOT ENCOURAGING.

France's experience with her Congo colony isn't encouraging to countries which have tropical colonies. The French tried of voting large sums for the preservation of order in the French Congo, and so the Chamber was glad to adopt the Belgian system of concessions as the cheapest way out of the difficulty. No sooner were the concessionaries well established than the government began to reduce the number of militia, claiming that the owners of concessions should guard their own property. They did, and the result is that the natives have become exasperated at the methods employed to enforce what the concessionaries claim are their rights. At first there were only little outbreaks here and there, but recently all the stations along the Sangha river have been looted and all the officials, both European and native, of the concessionaries murdered. This great territory of France in Africa covers an area of some 450,000 square miles, or more than twice the area of France itself, while it has a native population of some 10,000,000 or 12,000,000. It has never been profitable to France, and there is to this time need of a grant from the coffers of the republic to make up yearly deficits. When practically the whole French Congo was turned over to the trading companies which were granted the concessions it was thought that there would be some relief from this constant drain, but under the rule of the concessionaries conditions have become worse than they were before.

It is to be hoped that our Philippines will turn out better than the French Congo has. Probably they will, because we are much smarter than the French.

## EXTRAVAGANT RUSSIANS.

Some of the Russians don't seem to be any sharper than some other folks are. A Russian Admiralty order remarks that the commanders of vessels of the Pacific squadron are accustomed to purchase at exceedingly high prices in Japanese ports large quantities of material of which reserves are kept by the Admiralty at Vladivostok and Port Arthur. It instances the case of a commander who last year paid 18 rubles a pound for oil at Nagasaki at a time when for the very same quality of oil the Volunteer fleet was only paying 4 rubles 80 copecks, and when oil could be obtained from the depots at the Russian ports for 1 ruble 65 copecks and 2 rubles 35 copecks a pound. The same officer also bought large quantities of other provisions at extravagant prices. The commanders, moreover, frequently buy stores at the ports of call, especially in the Mediterranean, instead of from the depots at Kronstadt, before they leave for the far East. The amount of their

purchases is frequently many times greater than their requirements. The Admiralty, therefore, forbids the commanders to buy at foreign ports any materials which are kept in stock at Vladivostok and Port Arthur. Materials not kept in stock at those ports may in future only be bought by the commanders with the preliminary consent of the Admiralty of their squadron. Whenever possible a sufficient supply is to be taken on board at Kronstadt to last for the whole of the voyage.

It is evident on the face of it that a man who would pay too much for a good ought to be restrained.

## The Ballad of the Tramp.

The young wife had a heart of gold,  
And she was kind and sweet and true,  
So when a tramp appeared one day,  
Quick was she to discern  
That he was hungry, and to help  
The poor man she did yearn.

"Come in," said she, "come in and get  
Some pie and cake and bread,  
Just like your mother used to make."  
"Thank you," the hobo said,  
He ate what she had cooked, and saw  
With pleasure she blushed red.

But when he started to arise  
His face with weep turned blue;  
He seemed to sigh as he walked off,  
"Dear lady, you spoke true."  
"He gasped, 'My mother couldn't cook!  
I wonder how you knew?'"

## APPARENT.

Getting Back.—Customer to palmist:—Five dollars fee? Er—would you have any objection to waiting until I get some of the money you say is coming to me?—Brooklyn Life.

Wife.—There's something queer about that woman who has just moved next door.

Husband.—What's the matter? Mind's her own business, eh?—Philadelphia Press.

"How is it you're late this morning?" inquired the employer.  
"I sprained my ankle on the way to work," answered the employee.  
"Huh! that's a lame excuse,"—Newark Call.

Exhausted Capital.—Jane—Judy had to go back to the rest cure.  
Kate.—What for?

Jane.—Oh, she got a collapse going round telling everybody how much good it did her.—Detroit Free Press.

"I don't think I will be able to appear in to-day's performance," said the comedian to the manager.

"What's the matter?" asked the business man.

"Oh, I don't know; I feel funny,"—Yonkers Statesman.

A Cultivated Taste.—Boggs—So you're a poet, eh? Dye know I'm gettin' so I take quite an interest in poetry.

The poet.—Indeed!

Boggs.—Yes, there ain't nothin' I enjoy more than readin' them advertisements in the street cars.—Philadelphia Press.

An Englishman went into a restaurant in a New England town and was served for his first course with a delicacy unknown to him. So he asked the waiter what it was, and the waiter replied:

"It's bean soup, sir." Whereupon the Englishman, in high indignation, responded:

"I don't care what it is; I want to know what it is!"—Philadelphia Times.

## A NEW PNEUMATIC TIRE.

According to the Velo, the cyclist's fondest wish is now fulfilled. The ideal non-puncturable tire has been discovered. The inventor took an air chamber of his devising to the office of the newspaper, and there, in the presence of the amazed editor and his equally amazed staff, planted needles, thousands in racks, and two-inch nails into the tube without producing the slightest deflation of the latter. The invention is an application of the properties of compressed India rubber, which, when pierced, adheres so closely around the object causing the puncture as not to allow any escape of air to occur. This material has been used before. But the originality of the present invention appears to be the discovery of a practical and simple method, first of attaching a band of the material in question to the chamber, and, secondly, of keeping it in place and maintaining it in its state of compression. The air tube is constructed as follows: The tread is of compressed India rubber, fixed between strips of inextensible canvas inside and out. It is claimed that all danger of bursting is removed, while punctures are rendered harmless. A nail traversing the outer canvas, the compressed rubber, and the inner strip of the former material, cannot pierce a hole through which air can pass, as the India rubber expands and fills up the hole. If adrop of India rubber solution be poured into the place of the puncture the latter is still more securely sealed up. If all that is said of the invention be true there ought certainly to be jubilation among cyclists, as the new air chamber, while impervious to punctures and not liable to bursting, is stated to be as resilient and as fast as any ordinary tube.—From the London Telegraph.

## MOMENTOUS HAND-SHAKING.

But for Its Effect, Says a Senator, New Mexico, Would Be a State.

Senator Patterson declares that a hand-shake once prevented Statehood for New Mexico, and he does not hesitate to tell just how and when. Senator Elkins administered the hand-shake, and Senator Burrows of Michigan was the possessor of the hand shaken. Elkins is Senator from West Virginia and Burrows from Michigan, but at the time they were members of the House. It was in the Forty-third Congress. Elkins, though born in Ohio, was reared and educated in Missouri and is a graduate of the State university. After he graduated he went to New Mexico to practice law, and it was not so very long before he was sent as the delegate in the Congress of the Territory. Elkins was younger then than he is now, but he showed signs of that talent for the management of men and affairs which has since made him a wealthy man and one of the quiet though powerful influences in the Senate. He got up a statehood bill and had great success with it in the Senate end of the Capitol. He felt sure he would be able to get it approved in the House of Representatives. He might if Burrows, who was then a member and sat

but a few seats away from the then delegate from New Mexico, had not made a speech. Burrows spoke on the Force bill. It was a notable effort and the one which brought him into prominence, an effort which he has never again equalled and perhaps ever will. The subject under discussion was the conduct of Southern elections. The day before Elkins had completed a canvass of the House for his Statehood measure, and found the democratic members disposed to help him out with it. He had pledged from enough of them to assure favorable action. He listened to the speech of Burrows. Burrows waxed eloquent. Elkins grew interested. Burrows grew pathetic in the pictures he drew of negro oppression in the South. Elkins waxed sympathetic. Elkins leaned forward in his seat and devoured the Michiganian with his eyes. The Michiganian, noting the attention of his colleague, addressed himself almost directly to Elkins in the brilliant, poetical peroration. The chamber was silent, and as the last words of Burrows rang against its historic walls and Burrows had finished, Elkins jumped to his feet and, grasping Burrows' hand, shook it with enthusiasm, congratulating him on his speech.

Not a member but saw the action and realized its spontaneous sincerity. Not a democrat but saw the action and determined not to vote for Elkins' bill. He had hardly recovered from the spell of oratory and settled back in his seat before Burrows began arriving from the democratic side asking that he alter his canvass of the House and omit the writers from his list of those favorable to statehood.—From the St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

## White Elephants

The old-fashioned Saratoga trunk was one. Baggage men took solid comfort in smashing them.

The modern trunk has less wood and more steel; fewer nails and more rivets; and cost less, inch for inch.

We recommend the so-called "Steamer Trunk" for general use. It is roomy, compact and convenient.

\$4.50, \$5, \$5.50, \$6, etc.

Brooks & Co.

Chapel, corner State Street.

**CORSETS**  
Made to Order.  
New Paris Shapes  
Straight Front  
Low Bust, Long Hip  
HENRY H. TODD  
282-284 York St.  
Elastic Stockings,  
etc.

## LOW PRICED LAWN MOWERS

## THE PATHFINDER

Our leader—the same kind we sold last year for \$2.50 and \$2.75. They are as good as any mowers sold under \$3.00. They're warranted to be all right but their best feature is the price.

14 inch \$1.00 16 inch \$1.89

## OUR I. X. L.

This we can recommend highly for a low priced mower. We've sold it several years and know its good qualities. It is light, easy running and durable; and the best mower on the market for anything like the price.

14 inch \$3.25 16 inch \$3.50

The John E. Bassett & Co.  
754 CHAPEL ST.—320 STATE ST.

**MCCUSKER & SCHROEDER**  
26 CHURCH ST.  
BEST COAL FOR CASH—  
\$6.00 PER TON

## Best of All Goes into the Common Lot.

THE GEORGE H. FORD CO.  
Place Their Most Treasured Chef d'oeuvres under the Hammer.

Price Traditions Smashed in the Process, and Bidders are Obtaining Stupendous Bargains at the Daily Auction Sale.

The regret caused by inability to purchase a favorite bit of art—perhaps in ware or in other handwork of sterling character, is often experienced by persons whose artistic ambitions are circumscribed by their paucity of purse.

For years there have been temptations to set prudency and rainy day forebodings aside, in a tour of the delightful rooms in the George H. Ford Co. store, and many times the temptation has been resisted with the compromise that the tempted one takes a longing look at the forbidden fruit and departs in hope that some day, when his ship comes in, he may be able to buy the coveted treasure.

The announcement of the auction sale of stock gave an impetus to past hesitancy and the visits were renewed, with renewed hope. Under these circumstances, much as the company might deem it advisable to withhold from the sale its best things, that withholding was impossible.

Daily inquiries were made for this or that article of known excellence, exclusiveness and value, and these inquiries were coupled with requests that the chef d'oeuvre be cast in to the common lot to take its auction chance.

This has been done, and at the daily sales a number of the very best pieces in stock are put under the hammer, and at the prices they are bringing are stupendous bargains.

The sale hours are daily: 10:30 to 12:30, 2:30 to 5:30.



"YES"

Of course—because why, 'tis policy for you to try

"KOAL"

W. F. Gilbert & Co.,  
65 Church Street,  
OPP. POST OFFICE.

## PURE WATER.

ARTESIAN MINERAL WATER—6 bottles, 1/2 gallon, 20c. 5 gallons in demijohn, 25c. DISTILLED ARTESIAN WATER—6 bottles, 40c. 5 gallons in demijohn, 40c.

The Stillman Water Co.,  
131 COURT STREET,  
Telephone, 1422-3. a3 eod.1m

## Cold Cleanliness AND Positive Purity

are embodied in Wilke Refrigerators, particularly designed for people who buy "the best" and willingly pay what the best costs.

A scientifically constructed Refrigerator admitting of no question mark after the word "sanitary." The lining is entirely crystal or porcelain. Interior fittings are all removable. The visible metal trimmings are nicked brass.

Wilke Refrigerators, \$48.00 to \$100.00.

N. B. In connection with being exclusive selling agents for the "Wilke," we are, as formerly, selling the clean, handy, hard wood "White Mountain Refrigerators." A refrigerator for the people.

Price \$8.00 to \$30.00.

The Chamberlain  
Furniture Mantel &

**Queen Quality**  
SHOE FOR WOMEN.  
BOOTS \$3.00 OXFORDS \$2.50  
Everyone can't be a judge of leather and shoe-making. Even the best posted woman may be deceived by Shoes without a name or reputation.  
Many Shoes are fair to look upon, but when they're put to service their flimsiness shows forth.  
The one sure way to have Shoes that are right is to buy those with the name "Queen Quality."  
The new Colonial Shoe in the Queen Quality.  
Sold exclusively by **THE GAMBLE-DESMOND & CO.**

## A WAY TO Increase your Income FOR LIFE.

Many persons of advanced ages find their incomes reduced on account of the present low rates of interest—Savings Banks will pay 4 per cent. on \$1,000 but only 3 1/2 per cent. on larger sums.

One Thousand Dollars used to purchase an annuity will yield the following Incomes for Life.

At age of 60....	\$ 93.81
" " 65....	112.61
" " 70....	134.77
" " 75....	163.73
" " 80....	184.16

A joint annuity can be taken which will protect the last survivor—and the cost is not greatly increased.

John W. Nichols  
No. 3 HOADLEY BLDG.,  
NEW HAVEN, CONN.

## COMPRESSED AIR Carpet Cleaning Works,

No. 106 Court Street.  
Carpet called for and delivered.  
Carpet cleaned and laid, also made over; in fact, everything done in the Carpet line. All work satisfactorily and promptly done. Telephone call, 1832-3. Give us a call.  
WM. F. KNAPP & CO.  
m70

## Get in Touch

to-day with our complete Spring Furniture, Carpet, Range, Linoleum

and general housefurnishing service—best of everything, greatest variety, for Cash or on Easy Payments.

Best Baby Carriages and Go-Carts—Under price.

Stores open evenings, except Tuesday and Thursday.

## P. J. Kelly &amp; Co.

36-38 Church Street,  
817-823 Grand Avenue.

**PHILADELPHIA DENTAL ROOMS,**  
781 Chapel Street,  
NEW HAVEN, CONN.  
Best Set of Teeth on Rubber Plate, \$8.00

There can be NO better made, no matter how much is paid elsewhere. Those living at a distance can come in the morning and wear their new teeth home the same day.  
L. D. MONKS D. D. S.  
Office open from 9 A. M. to 6 P. M. 413

## Half The World

doesn't know what the other half is saving in

Time Comfort and Money

by the use of a

Gas Range.

Are you one of the knowing ones?

Pipe your house for gas

if you are not already using it for light.

THE NEW HAVEN GAS LIGHT CO.,  
Salesroom, 93 Crown St.  
Telephone 144.

## SHEAHAN &amp; GROARK,

Practical Heating Engineers,  
Practical Plumbers and Gas Fitters  
Tin, Sheet Iron, Copper Workers,  
Galvanized Iron Cornice Manufacturers,  
285-287 State Street.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.  
SEWERS AND MATERIALS.  
The Engineer's Office, No. 17 City Hall, New Haven, Conn., April 24, 1902. Sealed proposals will be received at this office until 2 p. m., May 6, 1902, for the construction of Sewers in Winthrop Avenue, from Oak Street to George Street; Mainfield Street, from Hillside Place, north of Perkins Street, from Grand Avenue to Pine Street; and Blatchley Avenue, from Lombard Street to the N. Y. N. H. & H. R. R. Blank forms of proposal, and any information concerning plans, specifications, bonds, etc., will be furnished upon application. No proposals will be received after the time specified, and all proposals not on blanks furnished or not properly filled out will be rejected. The right to reject any or all bids is reserved. By order of the Director of Public Works, C. W. KELLY, City Engineer.